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Embracing new roles in the care delivery continuum

Opportunities for assisted living

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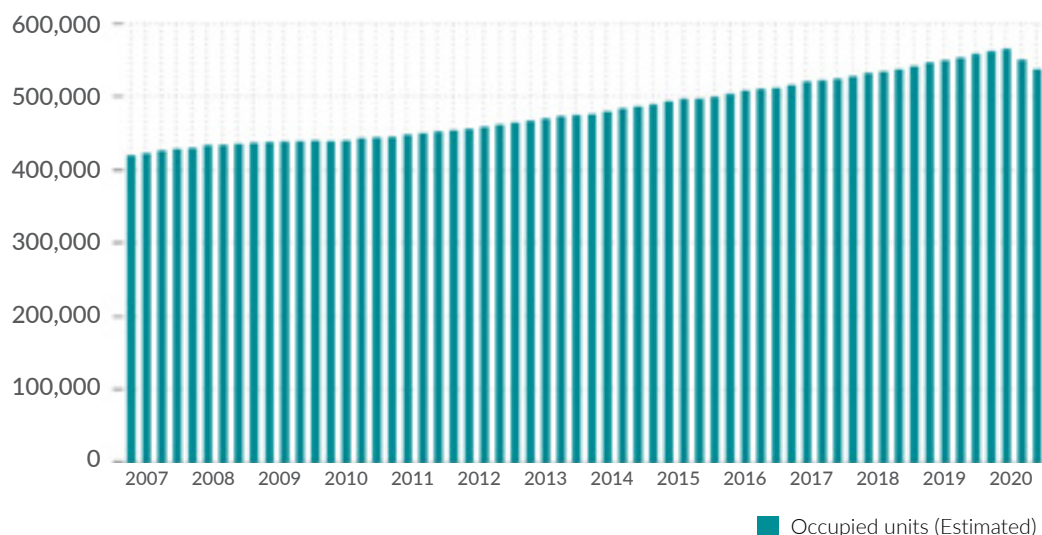
The COVID-19 pandemic, with its disproportionate impact on seniors, has highlighted the critical role senior housing plays in protecting this vulnerable and growing segment of the population.

Some even say that the pandemic has **demonstrated that senior living communities must be considered healthcare settings** “because the pandemic has highlighted the vulnerable health status of the older adult age group, and also because senior housing communities have had a vital role to play in the larger care continuum, whether that’s taking on COVID-19 patients or taking steps to minimize acute care and primary care visits to avoid further straining the system.”

The pandemic has been rough on the senior housing industry as a whole, erasing in just two quarters occupancy gains that took seven quarters to achieve. National Investment Center (NIC) for Seniors Housing & Care data on 31 primary markets shows that the number of occupied units dropped 28,000 units from roughly 562,000 in the first quarter of 2020 to roughly 539,000 in the third quarter, which was the level in the second quarter of 2018. (See below)

Occupied units (Estimated)

Seniors housing | Primary markets | 4Q06 – 3Q20



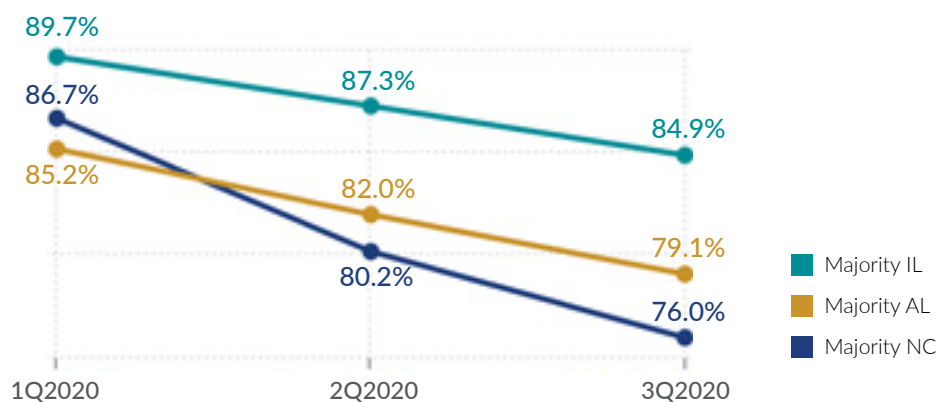
Source: NIC MAP® Data source

Even before the pandemic, the industry was experiencing a slow decline in occupancy. And while the fourth quarter of 2019 saw a slight uptick in occupancy, COVID-19 brought those numbers crashing down. NIC data shows the all-occupancy rate for senior housing dropped to 82.1% in the third quarter of 2020 — the lowest level since NIC began reporting senior housing market data in 2005.

Assisted living (AL) has taken a bigger hit than independent living (IL), due to a combination of oversupply and weak demand. Occupancy for communities that are majority AL dropped 2.9 percentage points in the third quarter of 2020 to 79.1%. Combined with the 3.2 percentage point drop in the second quarter, the segment has lost a total of 6.1 percentage points since the first quarter of 2020. (See below)

Occupancy by property type

Primary markets | 1Q20 – 3Q20



Source: NIC MAP® Data source

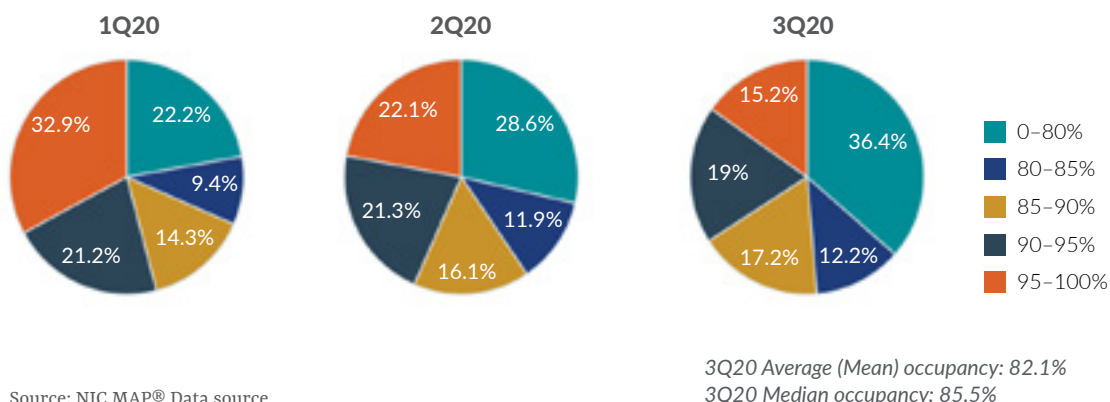
Declines in occupancy coupled with increased costs have taken a heavy toll on AL providers long before the pandemic hit. Now they face drastic increases in expenses for labor, PPE, and other supplies. More than 50% of senior housing leaders anticipate a **permanent increase in operating expenses as a result of the pandemic.**

The rising age and acuity of the average senior housing resident has been squeezing profit margins and driving up acquisition costs for years, and this long-standing trend has been exacerbated by the pandemic. A recent Plante Moran Living Forward™ **survey of current and prospective residents of independent living communities** found that nearly 23% of prospects say the pandemic has slowed their time frame to move. This means that, when these residents finally trigger to come to an AL community, they will show up even older and sicker.

But all isn't lost. Even amid an ongoing pandemic, a sizeable chunk of senior housing providers continue to maintain occupancy above 95%, although this slice of the pie has gotten progressively smaller. (See below)

Seniors housing share of properties by occupancy cohort

Primary markets | 1Q20 – 3Q20



Source: NIC MAP® Data source

Another glimmer of hope: The pace of move-ins is accelerating. In the beginning of the pandemic, NIC began surveying owners and C-suite operators of senior housing and nursing homes across the country to gain real-time insights on current conditions. For the week ending October 11, the percentage of AL operators who said the pace of move-ins had accelerated in the past 30 days increased to 43% — the highest level since the survey began in March — and a quarter of respondents that reported accelerated move-ins said their communities have a waiting list.

On the other end of the spectrum, 23% of survey respondents said that move-ins had decelerated. But the upside is that, while resident or family member concerns remained high in early October, just two-thirds of operators said family member concerns factored into the deceleration, which is down from a high of three-quarters.

These signs of hope underscore an important point: This dip in senior living occupancy is short-term. With the demographic boom of seniors fast-approaching, senior housing will remain in demand, and it's an industry that's very much primed for innovative business models. Assisted living, in particular, is uniquely positioned to provide the safe, comfortable care that is becoming even more important to today's seniors and their families.

The advantages of assisted living in pandemic times

We see tremendous potential for AL communities to differentiate themselves, create new revenue streams, and fill an important and much-needed role in the healthcare delivery continuum. Specifically, we see two opportunities for AL providers:

- ① **Short-term post-acute care**
- ② **Care integration & coordination**

To take advantage of these emerging opportunities, senior housing providers will need to embrace the **shift to a healthcare model** that has been accelerated by this health crisis. At the same time, AL communities can differentiate from more institutional settings by showing how they can provide those clinical services in a way that makes them convenient while maintaining the social and hospitality environment that seniors expect.

The mission of the AL provider to promote the highest level of independence and autonomy aligns with the goals of today's seniors.

AL occupies a unique place in the delivery continuum — one that has many advantages over other congregate settings. Most importantly, the mission of the AL provider to promote the highest level of independence and autonomy and help people age in place is clearly in alignment with the goals of the vast majority of today's seniors. AL providers also typically have strong multidisciplinary care teams focused on identifying service-level needs of individuals and developing unique service plans with different levels of care, as well as experience partnering with community-based resources, such as therapy, home health, primary care, and pharmacy. AL providers have garnered trust among other providers of care and have the ability to bring those services to their residents in a way that's seamless and gives people choice. This multidisciplinary and collaborative focus translates well to a care integration and coordination role.

By leveraging these strengths, AL providers can begin to transition from a strictly private-pay model and tap into the steady stream of risk-based contracting that will continue to be more prevalent.

The pandemic also has highlighted the advantages of private, apartment-style living. In addition to being similar to home-like, individual apartments allow for better infection control than more institutional settings.

AL providers are also using technology to differentiate themselves. A growing number of communities are investing in technology to help residents connect with both loved ones and healthcare providers, as well as to manage costs, improve outcomes, and enhance the residents' overall experience. For example, **in-room sensors** that monitor residents' activities not only help prevent falls and detect early signs of illness and other changes in health status, but they also can help AL providers pinpoint the right level of care. To realize the full promise of the technology, however, providers must also invest in the training and resources to analyze and interpret the data and use it to drive care interventions. Otherwise, the technology can become a liability risk.

Disruption requires envisioning how to expand capabilities beyond 'how we do them now' to 'how we can do things differently.'

Telehealth and telemonitoring, which took center stage for primary and acute care providers during the pandemic, have even greater potential to help AL providers bend the cost curve while helping their residents age in place. Telehealth functionality connects residents with healthcare providers who can perform triage using telemonitoring devices to check blood pressure, pulse, weight, blood sugar, and other key stats. To manage the hefty investments required, AL communities are contracting with home health agencies to use their call centers and equipment. In the post-acute setting, this functionality has historically been used primarily with cardiac patients. However, disruption requires envisioning how to expand capabilities beyond "how we do them now" to "how we can do things differently."

How AL can fill gaps in care delivery

The pandemic has united the medical community behind the drive to keep seniors out of the hospital. As they seek to avoid and manage infections, healthcare providers are moving patients out of the hospital as quickly as possible — whether straight to the home or to a skilled nursing facility (SNF) or other short-term rehabilitation unit.

At the same time, Medicare is looking for solutions to manage the 5% of the population that consumes about half of the healthcare resources. Assisted living is perfectly positioned to address both of these needs.



5%
of the population consumes
half
of the healthcare resources

① Short-term recovery care

A growing number of patients need short-term transitional care that allows them to maintain their independence while receiving a moderate amount of assistance — for example, help with bathing, administering medications, or delivering meals. Many people want to recover at home, in part due to increased concerns about infections. Unfortunately, many seniors don't have someone at home to care for them, and their homes may not be conducive to receiving and benefiting from home health services (e.g., two-story home).

This is clearly the sweet spot for AL communities. With access to quality medical care and positive social interaction, the AL setting can provide the ideal environment for recovery, especially for those individuals who are generally healthy and require a moderate level of support.

In addition to the revenues that would accrue from offering short-term recovery care, there's another important benefit for owner/operators: Patients who have a positive experience at an AL facility on a temporary basis are more likely to become permanent residents when the time comes for them to transition to a living situation with these types of services.

The problem is that AL providers and other senior housing providers cannot bill Medicare directly. However, by contracting with value-based care models — such as bundled payments, Medicare Advantage (MA) special needs plans (SNPs), and accountable care organizations (ACOs) — AL providers benefit from these financial programs.

AL is gaining traction with these models as a viable recovery care option that is more cost-effective than nursing home care, and can reduce unnecessary hospital readmissions, decreasing the patient's overall healthcare spend. They also see AL as an ideal setting for patients who don't meet the currently waived three-day hospitalization requirement for Medicare Part A benefits, as another mechanism to control costs while maintaining resident outcomes.

Providers that participate in I-SNPs have greater control over revenue and costs, giving them the opportunity to enhance revenue and manage outcomes.

To position themselves to participate in these models, AL providers must align their strategies and systems and gather data to prove the relationship is mutually beneficial. These short-term transitional stays — with their potential to decrease hospital stays and readmissions — could be the component that AL communities might want to leverage for these arrangements.

A Medicare Advantage institutional special needs plan (I-SNP) enables an AL facility to participate more directly in risk sharing. Providers that participate in I-SNPs have greater control over both revenue and costs, giving them the opportunity to enhance revenue flow and manage outcomes around cost, quality, and experience of care.




Care integration & coordination

Another opportunity for AL communities to fill a gap in the care continuum is the integrated care model. In recent years, Juniper Communities (see case study) and Sunrise Senior Living have rolled out innovative programs to bring the care to residents, rather than those residents needing to go to a hospital, outside clinic, or SNF. What these senior housing providers are finding is that, by providing a variety of medical services in-house and wrapping care coordination around the entire healthcare continuum, they can reduce hospital utilization and increase the overall health of their residents.

Some communities also are exploring partnerships with local EMS providers to provide triage care. When a resident becomes seriously ill, the standard procedure at most assisted care communities is to call 911 and arrange for the individual to be taken to the emergency room. But this isn't necessarily optimal for the patient, and it can place a strain on the EMS system in a community. Rather than going straight to the ER, these triage trials involve the EMS performing diagnostic testing on-premises and working with the patient's existing care providers to resolve minor crises, potentially avoiding a costly hospitalization.

AL communities can also offer more proactive services, some of which may even be provided within the activities of daily living (ADLs) currently being offered to residents.

SOME OF THESE POTENTIAL OFFERINGS INCLUDE:

-  **Primary care**
As the bridge between the acute and post-acute care worlds, on-site primary care is an essential component of an integrated care model. In the most successful models, on-site primary care is ideal, but at a minimum, coordination of primary care is necessary.
-  **Therapy**
Providing on-site access to physical, occupational, and speech therapists enables a quicker return to the AL community, limiting clinical decline after discharge from the hospital.
-  **Clinical services**
Additional clinical service offerings and processes might include IV administration, complex wound care, specialized therapy programs, readmission prevention protocols, and rapid response processes and procedures.



Medication management

Many AL communities already offer medication management as an ADL. Another opportunity for the AL might involve working with fulfillment pharmacies to ensure the patient discharges with the necessary medications, avoiding the need to pick up medications after discharge. Additionally, the AL could synchronize medication fill/refill with the patient's insurance and pharmacy. This coordination helps increase medication compliance and helps to make sure the patient continues to receive the prescription after discharge.



Care navigation

Being able to coordinate all the resources, both within and outside the community, can help educate patients and improve adherence to treatment plans, ultimately reducing hospital readmissions.



Nutrition

Providing proper nutritional support can prove to be a vital component, especially when recovering from any type of surgical procedure or infection.

Many AL providers currently offer components of these services. However, by offering them on-site and in an integrated fashion, with a focus on care coordination, they can position themselves for participation in value-based programs through Medicare and commercial insurers, or rolling out their own Medicare Advantage plans. Although AL owners and operators are traditionally wary of the complexity of government reimbursement, those leaders who are willing to shift their mindset stand to gain a stable source of revenue that will only grow as the 80-plus population grows.

By offering these services on-site and in an integrated fashion, AL providers can position themselves for participation in value-based programs — or their own Medicare Advantage plans.

Case study

Connect4Life: Juniper Communities' integrated senior care model

One senior living company believes that it has found a solution to the age-old problem of how to keep high-cost seniors healthy at lower costs.

Connect4Life is an integrated care and chronic disease management model launched by Bloomfield, N.J.-based senior living provider Juniper Communities. Lynne Katzmann, CEO of Juniper Communities, believes the Connect4Life model, when delivered within an MA plan, is the wave of the future for senior housing providers.

Others agree. Juniper, along with operators Christian Living Communities and Ohio Living, and MA plan developer and administrator AllyAlign, came together in early 2019 to form The Perennial Consortium as an operator-owned MA network that will launch in 2021. In October 2019, AllyAlign announced a strategic partnership to license and exclusively implement Connect4Life as part of all its MA plans nationwide. The Perennial Consortium began to enroll beneficiaries in **MA plans** with the start of the enrollment period on Oct. 15, 2020.

These organizations recognize the proven outcomes of the Connect4Life model. In March 2017, Juniper retained an independent researcher to compare its outcomes and utilization data to a benchmark group of similarly frail Medicare beneficiaries. The study showed that the Juniper population experienced inpatient hospitalization rates that are 50% better than the benchmark group and readmission rates more than 80% lower than the benchmark group.

Juniper estimated that its' lower level of hospitalizations was saving Medicare between about \$4 and \$6 million per year. If Medicare could achieve this reduced rate of hospitalization for its frail population, then it would save between \$10 and \$15.3 billion per year on annual aggregate hospital spending.

 Inpatient hospitalization rates
50% better
than benchmark group

 Readmission rates
80% lower
than benchmark group

Juniper saves Medicare

\$4 – \$6M
per year
through lower levels of hospitalization

Medicare could save

\$10 – \$15B
per year
on aggregate hospital spending with reduced rate of hospitalization

Juniper launched Connect4Life in response to a trifecta of pressures:

- 1** Senior housing profit margins and occupancy are dropping as residents who up older and with a greater number of chronic conditions and functional impairment. “We realized that we had to either increase marketing dramatically or extend our length of stay,” Katzmann says.
- 2** Healthcare providers are looking for ways to manage this high-cost population. Frail, polychronic, and functionally impaired seniors are estimated to make up only 5% of the U.S. population but consume between 45 and 50% of healthcare resources.
- 3** Residents expect more: “They call us their home, and our job is to provide them as much as they need in that home.”

The ACA provided the final impetus. The most transformative component of the ACA was the institution of readmission penalties, which “forced people who traditionally operated in silos to work together to achieve financial profitability,” Katzmann says.

The ACA also (originally) mandated SNFs to implement electronic health records by 2013. And so, Katzmann and her leadership team began researching options. By 2012, they had implemented a comprehensive electronic operating platform, which included an EHR, for the entire organization.

That investment in technological infrastructure laid the groundwork for the care transition piece of Connect4Life. The system made data on everything from medication administration to labs to progress notes available at the push of a button.

Where Juniper really started bending the cost curve was through its integrated care model. Each community was already offering most critical ancillary services on-site, including rehabilitation, pharmacy, and laboratories. In 2014, Juniper added the most important piece by launching a primary care practice, separate from Juniper but with offices in each of its communities.

All of the ancillary service providers must “play our care coordination game,” Katzmann says. To demonstrate that they’re an integral component of the wellness program, those providers must show up on a regular schedule every week — not just when they have appointments.

Another non-negotiable is adherence to a set of communication protocols, such as attending a monthly ancillary provider meeting and entering information into the Juniper EHR.

The final, essential component of the Connect4Life model is a care navigator in each community. That navigator, which they call a medical concierge (MC, or “emcee”) is a member of the community’s leadership team. Typically, a certified medical assistant, the MC serves as part administrator, part auditor (making sure data is entered and used in patient encounters), and part coach.

“What is exciting to me is that, while we were on the bleeding edge, now we are on the leading edge. More providers understand what integrated care is about and see it as an important next step.”

— Katzmann

Katzmann calls this combination of high-tech and high-touch the secret sauce that makes Connect4Life work. “What we realized is, particularly for our older residents and families, and also for our providers, we needed something more than an electronic platform,” Katzmann says. “We needed a point person.” Katzmann believes that the pandemic has only increased the need for **integrated care models.**

As providers recognize the power of the integrated care model, they will start flocking to senior living providers so that they can gain access to those growing populations, Katzmann says.



Preparing for the transition

To take advantage of these emerging opportunities, AL providers must invest in robust systems and relationships.



Perform a clinical competency analysis.

The first step in making any change is to understand where you are. Perhaps your AL community, like many others, was already on a path of increased clinical capabilities, and the pandemic accelerated that trend. Did you recruit more RNs? Ramp up telehealth capabilities to allow nursing staff to talk directly with residents' doctors and nurse practitioners? Consider how can you keep that momentum going to meet unmet needs.

Evaluate the dynamics of your community's healthcare delivery system. In what situations are hospital patients being discharged to a SNF, to home health, and to AL? What are the costs of each option? Next, consider your readiness to deliver expanded services. Do you have systems in place to handle changes in service levels? Do you truly know your facility's costs to provide those services? AL providers must develop appropriate cost accounting tools so that they can evaluate the potential profitability of a value-based payment model contract or the additional cost of care coordination and the impact on occupancy.



Set targets.

How will you define success? Benchmarks might be scarce, given that we're talking about new types of care models. But decide what will be the critical measures of cost, quality, and experience of care, and establish clear targets at the outset.



Perform a financial analysis.

To gain momentum, AL providers must prioritize population health and be prepared to become financially responsible for the cost of care delivered for a patient population. A significant investment will likely be required, and a proper financial analysis should be executed to evaluate opportunities to gain market share and ensure a proper return on investment.



Develop or enhance relationships with residents' care providers.

Strong care coordination is a hallmark of successful ACOs and other value-based care vehicles. To coordinate and align care provided in each setting, AL providers must maintain open lines of communication with residents' physicians. Allowing providers to visit patients in their AL units can enhance the patient experience and reduce readmission rates.



Use data to tell a compelling story.

To position themselves for a seat at the value-based table, AL providers need to demonstrate their ability to impact patient utilization patterns and overall costs. Juniper Communities demonstrated that its Connect4Life model results in readmission rates that are 80% lower and hospitalization rates that are 50% lower than a comparable Medicare population. When senior living providers come to the table with such compelling data, they demonstrate how they can be a valuable partner in the overall population health management of seniors.

Joining a value-based care model requires AL providers to have a strong degree of confidence in their ability to improve population health while managing costs. This confidence must be based in data and analytics. One of the most significant investments will be the implementation of a compatible EHR system. Even greater than the cost of the software itself, providers can expect to invest heavily in infrastructure and training to make it work. But the payoff can be significant. Being able to implement solutions and share data seamlessly helps to improve quality and efficiency, and eventually generate savings across the program participants. Remember that reporting isn't enough; the goal is to provide meaningful insights into patient care that lead to cost savings and improved patient health.

Joining a value-based care model requires a strong degree of confidence in the ability to improve population health while managing costs. This confidence requires data and analytics.



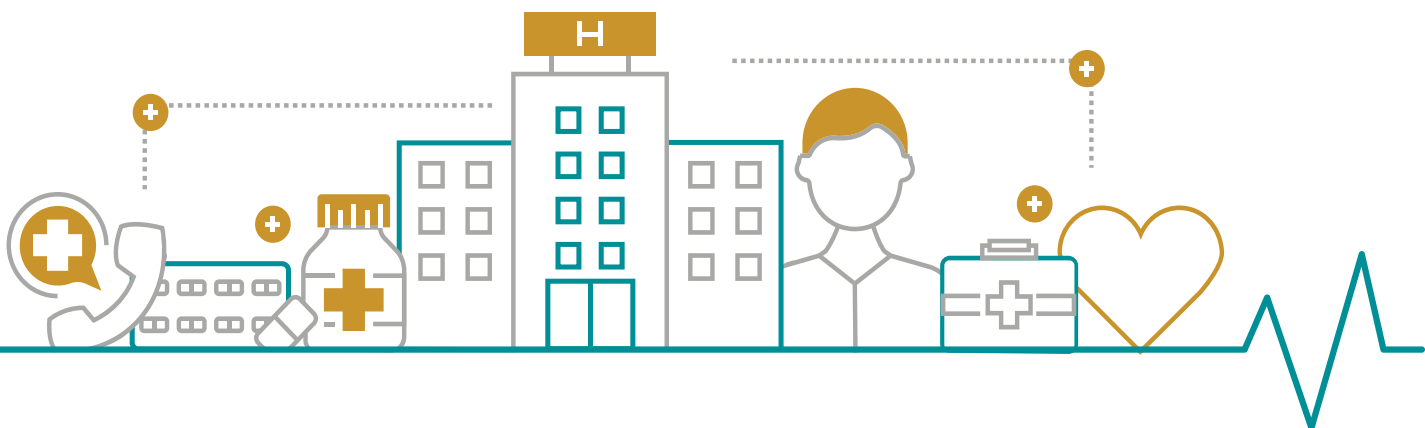
Evaluate the technology ecosystem.

Senior living providers must look holistically at the technology ecosystem to create an environment where residents can stay safe while also fighting against the social isolation and loneliness that plagued our society even before the pandemic. As we continue to navigate this persistent pandemic that disproportionately affects older adults, senior living communities are experimenting with a variety of technologies to maintain seniors' health and wellness from simple, **wristwatch-style wearables** to **robots**.

Getting started

When we emerge from this massive pandemic (and we will), you have a choice: Go back to status quo, which entails growing competition, rising costs, and lower occupancy, or think differently about your role in the healthcare delivery system.

If you choose to embrace an expanded role, start now by collecting outcomes and utilization data to initiate conversations with local health systems and top managed care companies. Be prepared to demonstrate to them how you can be part of the solution to stay pandemic-ready and maintain your residents' health and wellness.





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Please contact us with any questions.



Patrick McCormick, CPA
Senior Care & Living
Strategy & Operations Leader
216-274-6524
patrick.mccormick@plantemoran.com



David S. Schless
President
American Seniors Housing Association
202-885-5560
DSchless@seniorshousing.org